

A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

CONTINUING CERTIFICATION/MOC COMBINED EXAMINATION IN CHILD NEUROLOGY

The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. (ABPN) has issued new, two-dimensional content specifications for the psychiatry, neurology and child neurology continuing certification/MOC examinations. Questions for the psychiatry, neurology and child neurology continuing certification combined examinations will conform to these new content specifications.

Within the two-dimensional format, one dimension is comprised of disorders and topics while the other is comprised of competencies and mechanisms that cut across the various disorders of the first dimension. By design, the two dimensions are interrelated and not independent of each other. All of the questions on the examination will fall into one of the disorders/topics and will be aligned with a competency/mechanism. For example, an item on substance use could focus on treatment, or it could focus on systems-based practice.

The psychiatry, neurology and child neurology continuing certification combined content specifications can be accessed from the <u>Combined MOC Exams section</u> of our website.

Candidates should use the new detailed content specifications as a guide to prepare for a continuing certification examination. Scores for these examinations will be reported in a standardized format rather than the previous percent correct format.

The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. is a not-for-profit corporation dedicated to serving the public interest and the professions of psychiatry and neurology by promoting excellence in practice through certification and continuing certification processes.

For more information, please contact us at questions@abpn.com or visit our website at <a href="ma



A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

CONTINUING CERTIFICATION/MOC COMBINED EXAMINATION IN CHILD NEUROLOGY Content Blueprint

Number of o	questions: 100			
	Dimension 1			
	Neurologic Disorders and Topics			
		Г		
01.	Headache and pain disorders	8-12%		
02.	Epilepsy and episodic disorders	9-13%		
03.	Sleep disorders	1-3%		
04.	Genetic and developmental disorders	10-14%		
05.	Vascular neurology	3-5%		
06.	Neuromuscular diseases	5-7%		
07.	Movement disorders	6-8%		
08.	Neuroimmunologic and paraneoplastic disorders of the CNS	7-11%		
09.	Neuroinfectious diseases	4-6%		
10.	Brain and spinal trauma	4-6%		
11.	Neuro-ophthalmologic and neuro-otologic disorders	1-3%		
12.	Metabolic diseases, nutritional deficiency states, and disorders due	2-4%		
	to toxins, drugs, and physical agents			
13.	Neuro-oncologic disorders	4-6%		
14.	Behavioral neurology and neurocognitive disorders	7-9%		
15.	Psychiatric disorders	4-6%		
16.	Autonomic nervous system disorders	1-2%		
17.	Normal structure, process, and development through the life cycle	4-6%		



A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

CONTINUING CERTIFICATION/MOC COMBINED EXAMINATION IN CHILD NEUROLOGY Content Blueprint

Number of	questions: 100	
	Dimension 2	
	Physician Competencies and Mechanisms	
A.	Neuroscience and mechanism of disease	4-6%
В.	Clinical aspects of neurologic disease	22-28%
C.	Diagnostic procedures	27-33%
D.	Treatment	27-33%
E.	Interpersonal and communication skills	2-3%
F.	Professionalism	2-3%
G.	Practice-based learning and improvement	2-3%
Н.	Systems-based practice	2-3%



A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

CONTINUING CERTIFICATION/MOC COMBINED EXAMINATION IN CHILD NEUROLOGY Content Outline

Dimension 1		
Neurologic Disorders and Topics		
01. Headache and pain disorders		
A. Headache		
01. Primary headaches		
a. Migraine		
b. Tension-type headache		
c. Cluster headache and other trigeminal autonomic cephalalgias		
d. Other primary headaches (exertional headache, etc.)		
02. Secondary headaches		
a. Headache due to head and neck trauma (posttraumatic headache)		
b. Headache due to cranial or cervical vascular disorder (thunderclap headache,		
giant		
cell arteritis, arterial dissection, cerebral hemorrhage, ischemia)		
c. Headache due to nonvascular intracranial disorder (hydrocephalus, idiopathic		
intracranial hypertension, low-CSF-pressure headaches, tumors)		
d. Headache due to infection		
e. Headache due to a substance or its withdrawal		
f. Headache or facial pain due to disorder of cranium, neck, eyes, ears, nose,		
sinuses,		
and teeth		
g. Headache due to psychiatric disorder		
03. Cranial neuralgia, central and primary facial pain (trigeminal neuralgia,		
idiopathic facial		
pain, post-herpetic neuralgia)		
B. Pain disorders		
01. Neuropathic pain (small fiber neuropathy, post-herpetic neuralgia,		
radiculopathies)		
02. Central pain syndromes (thalamic, phantom, etc.)		
03. Complex regional pain syndromes		
02. Epilepsy and episodic disorders		
A. Generalized seizures		



01. Tonic-clonic	
02. Absence	
a. Typical	
b. Atypical	
c. Absence with special features	
03. Myoclonic	
04. Clonic	
05. Tonic	
06. Atonic	
B. Focal seizures	
01. Simple partial	
02. Complex partial	
03. Focal evolving to bilateral convulsive seizure	
C. Electro-clinical syndromes	
01. Neonatal period	
a. Benign familial neonatal seizures (BFNS)	
b. Early myoclonic encephalopathy (EME)	
c. Ohtohara syndrome	
02. Infancy	
a. West syndrome	
b. Myoclonic epilepsy in infancy	
c. Benign infantile seizures	
d. Benign familial infantile seizures	
e. Dravet syndrome	
f. Myoclonic encephalopathy in nonprogressive disorders	
03. Childhood	
a. Febrile seizures (FS+)	
b. Early benign childhood occipital epilepsy (Panayiotopoulos type)	
c. Epilepsy with myoclonic-atonic seizures	
d. Benign epilepsy with centrotemporal spikes (BECTS)	
e. Autosomal dominant nocturnal frontal lobe epilepsy (ADNFLE)	
f. Late-onset childhood occipital epilepsy (Gastaut type)	
g. Epilepsy with myoclonic absences	
h. Lennox-Gastaut syndrome	
i. Epileptic encephalopathy with continuous spike-and-wave during sleep (CSWS)	
(55.15)	



including Landau-Kleffner syndrome	
j. Childhood absence epilepsy	
04. Adolescence through adult	
a. Juvenile absence epilepsy (JAE)	
b. Juvenile myoclonic epilepsy (JME)	
c. Epilepsy with generalized tonic-clonic seizures alone	
d. Progressive myoclonic epilepsies (PME)	
e. Autosomal dominant partial epilepsy with auditory features (ADPEAF)	
f. Other familial temporal lobe epilepsies	
D. Less specific age relationship	
01. Familial focal epilepsy with variable foci	
02. Reflex epilepsies	
E. Distinctive constellations	
01. Mesial temporal lobe epilepsy with hippocampal sclerosis (MTLE with HS)	
02. Rasmussen syndrome	
03. Gelastic seizures with hypothalamic hamartoma	
F. Epilepsies attributed to and organized by structural-metabolic causes	
01. Structural, including tumors in vascular malformations	
02. Infection	
03. Trauma	
04. Perinatal insults	
05. Malformations of cortical development, including neurocutaneous syndromes	
06. Mitochondrial and metabolic disorders	
G. Epilepsies of unknown cause	
H. Conditions with epileptic seizures traditionally not diagnosed as a form of epilepsy	
01. Benign neonatal seizures (BNS)	
02. Febrile seizures (FS)	
I. Non-epileptic paroxysmal disorders	
01. Breath-holding spells	
02. Cardiac etiologies (e.g., prolonged QT interval)	
03. Syncope, convulsive and nonconvulsive	
04. Gastroesophageal reflux and Sandifer syndrome	
05. Gratification phenomena and masturbation	
06. Shuddering/shivering	
07. Acute confusional migraine	
08. Benign infant myoclonus	



09. Non-epileptic psychogenic seizures	
J. Status epilepticus	
03. Sleep disorders	
A. Insomnia	
01. Psychological insomnia	
02. Inadequate sleep hygiene	
B. Sleep-disordered breathing	
01. Obstructive sleep apnea	
02. Central apnea syndromes	
03. Sleep-related hypoventilation disorders	
C. Central disorders of hypersomnolence	
01. Narcolepsy (with and without cataplexy)	
02. Kleine-Levin syndrome	
03. Hypersomnia due to a medical condition	
04. Insufficient sleep syndrome	
D. Circadian rhythm sleep-wake disorders	
01. Delayed sleep-wake phase disorder	
02. Advanced sleep-wake phase disorder	
03. Irregular sleep-wake rhythm disorder	
04. Non-24-hour sleep-wake phase disorder	
E. Parasomnias	
01. NREM-related parasomnias	
a. Arousal disorders, including sleepwalking, sleep terrors, and confusional	
arousals	
i. Sleepwalking	
ii. Sleep terrors	
iii. Confusional arousals	
b. Sleep-related eating disorder	
02. REM-related parasomnias	
a. REM behavior disorder	
b. Recurrent isolated sleep paralysis	
c. Nightmare disorder	
03. Other	
a. Exploding head syndrome	
b. Sleep-related hallucinations	
c. Sleep enuresis	
· ·	



d. Parasomnia due to a general medical disorder	
e. Medication/substance-related parasomnia	
f. Unspecified parasomnia	
F. Sleep-related movement disorders	
01. Periodic limb movements of sleep	
02. Sleep-related limb cramps	
03. Sleep-related bruxism	
04. Benign myoclonus of infancy	
G. Sleep disorders in other conditions	
01. Sleep disturbances in movement conditions	
a. Parkinson disease	
b. Multisystem atrophy	
c. Dementia with Lewy bodies	
d. Spinocerebellar degeneration	
e. Huntington disease	
02. Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	
03. Alzheimer disease	
04. Effects of sleep disorders on cardiovascular/cerebrovascular risk factors	
a. Hypertension	
b. Atrial fibrillation	
c. Congestive heart failure	
d. Myocardial infarction	
e. Stroke	
04. Genetic and developmental disorders	
A. Inherited metabolic disorders	
01. Disorders of amino acid metabolism	
a. Phenylketonuria	
b. Nonketotic hyperglycemia	
c. Other	
02. Disorders of urea cycle metabolism	
a. Ornithine transcarbamylase	
b. Other	
03. Disorders of sulfur amino acids	
a. Homocystinuria	
b. Other	
04. Disorders of amino acid transport	



a. Hartnup disease
b. Lowe syndrome
c. Other
05. Disorders of carbohydrate metabolism and transport
a. Galactosemia
b. Glucose transporter deficiency
c. Other
06. Organic acidurias
a. Methylmalonic acidurias
b. Glutaric acidurias
c. Other
07. Disorders of fatty acid oxidation
08. Disorders of purine metabolism
a. Lesch-Nyhan syndrome
b. Other
B. Lysosomal disorders
01. Glycogen storage diseases
a. Pompe disease
b. Mucopolysaccharidoses
c. Other
02. Gangliosidoses
a. Tay-Sachs disease
b. Other
03. Gaucher disease
04. Fabry disease
05. Niemann-Pick disease
06. Other
C. Leukodystrophies
01. Adrenoleukodystrophy
02. Pelizaeus-Merzbacher disease
03. Canavan disease
04. Alexander disease
05. Metachromatic leukodystrophy
06. Krabbe disease
07. Other
D. Additional disorders



01. Rett syndrome 02. Mitochondrial disorders 03. Peroxisomal disorders 04. Other E. Chromosomal disorders 01. Autosomal abnormalities a. Down syndrome (trisomy 21) b. Trisomy 13 c. Cri du chat syndrome
03. Peroxisomal disorders 04. Other E. Chromosomal disorders 01. Autosomal abnormalities a. Down syndrome (trisomy 21) b. Trisomy 13 c. Cri du chat syndrome
04. Other E. Chromosomal disorders 01. Autosomal abnormalities a. Down syndrome (trisomy 21) b. Trisomy 13 c. Cri du chat syndrome
E. Chromosomal disorders 01. Autosomal abnormalities a. Down syndrome (trisomy 21) b. Trisomy 13 c. Cri du chat syndrome
01. Autosomal abnormalities a. Down syndrome (trisomy 21) b. Trisomy 13 c. Cri du chat syndrome
a. Down syndrome (trisomy 21) b. Trisomy 13 c. Cri du chat syndrome
b. Trisomy 13 c. Cri du chat syndrome
c. Cri du chat syndrome
,
d. Other
F. Disorders of brain and spine development
01. Anencephaly
02. Myelomeningocele and encephalocele
03. Chiari malformations
04. Other cord dysraphism
a. Syringomyelia
b. Diastematomyelia
05. Cerebellar malformations
06. Skull malformations, including craniosynostosis
07. Brain malformations
a. Holoprosencephaly
b. Septo-optic dysplasia
c. Schizencephaly
d. Lissencephaly and other migrational abnormalities
e. Agenesis of the corpus callosum
f. Hemimegalencephaly
08. Microencephaly and micrencephaly
09. Macroencephaly and megalencephaly
10. Hydrocephalus
G. Neurocutaneous syndromes
01. Neurofibromatosis 1 and 2
02. Tuberous sclerosis
03. Sturge-Weber syndrome
04. Ataxia-telangiectasia
05. Von Hippel-Lindau disease
06. Incontinentia pigmenti



07. Other H. Cerebral palsy 01. Spastic	
01. Spastic	
02. Dyskinetic	
05. Vascular neurology	
A. Ischemic stroke (cerebral infarction and transient ischemic attack)	
01. Atherosclerosis	
a. Large-artery	
b. Small-artery	
02. Cardioembolic	
03. Arterial dissection	
04. Other vasculopathies, including hypercoagulability (thrombophilia) and	
vasculitis	
B. Intracerebral hemorrhage	
01. Chronic hypertension	
02. Vascular malformations	
03. Bleeding diatheses and antithrombotic agents	
04. Amyloid angiopathy	
05. Tumors	
C. Subarachnoid hemorrhage	
01. Aneurysm	
02. Vascular malformations	
D. Cerebral venous thrombosis	
01. Pregnancy and puerperium	
02. Hypercoagulability (thrombophilia)	
E. Cerebrovascular constriction, including reversible cerebrovascular constriction	
syndrome	
and posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome (PRES)	
F. Sickle cell disease	
06. Neuromuscular diseases	
A. Motor neuron disorders	
01. Amyotrophic lateral sclerosis (sporadic)	
02. Genetic	
a. Familial amyotrophic lateral sclerosis	
b. Spinal muscular atrophy	
c. Kennedy disease	



d. Tay-Sachs disease	
03. Focal, including Hirayama disease	
04. Paraneoplastic	
B. Spinal root disorders	
01. Cervical	
02. Thoracic	
03. Lumbosacral	
04. Polyradiculopathy	
05. Specific etiologies	
a. Diabetes	
b. Segmental herpes zoster and post-herpetic neuralgia	
C. Plexopathies	
01. Brachial	
a. Traumatic (neonatal, penetrating injury)	
b. Radiation-induced	
c. Neuralgic amyotrophy (brachial neuritis)	
d. Hereditary neuralgic amyotrophy	
e. Neoplastic	
02. Lumbosacral	
a. Traumatic (hematoma, ischemic)	
b. Radiation-induced	
c. Diabetic radiculo-plexo-neuropathy	
d. Neoplastic	
D. Peripheral nerve disorders	
01. Mononeuropathies	
a. Median	
b. Ulnar	
c. Radial	
d. Musculocutaneous	
e. Axillary	
f. Spinal accessory	
g. Suprascapular	
h. Sciatic	
i. Peroneal	
j. Tibial	
k. Femoral	



l. Obturator
m. Facial
n. Trigeminal
o. Other
02. Mononeuropathy multiplex
a. Diabetic
b. Vasculitic
03. Polyneuropathy
a. Hereditary
i. Demyelinating
(a) CMT1a
(b) CMTX
(c) Hereditary neuropathy with tendencies to pressure palsy (HNPP)
(d) Refsum disease
ii. Axon loss (CMT2)
iii. TTR amyloid polyneuropathy
iv. Porphyric neuropathy
b. Acquired
i. Demyelinating
(a) Acute inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (AIDP)
(i) Guillain-Barré syndrome
(ii) Miller Fisher variant (GQ1b antibody)
(iii) Acute motor axonal neuropathy (AMAN)
(iv) Acute motor and sensory axonal neuropathy (AMSAN)
(b) Chronic inflammatory demyelinating polyneuropathy (CIDP)
(c) Multifocal mononeuropathy with conduction block
ii. Metabolic
(a) Diabetic
(b) Nutritional
(i) Vitamin B ₆ deficiency
(ii) Vitamin B ₁₂ deficiency
(iii) Copper deficiency
(iv) Alcohol
(v) Hypervitaminosis B ₆
iii. Toxic
(a) Arsenic, lead, thallium



(b) n-Hexane
(c) Organophosphates
(d) Drug-induced
(i) Isoniazide
(ii) Metronidazole
(iii) Nitrofurantoin
(iv) Chloroquine/hydroxychloroquine
(v) Lithium
(vi) Other
(e) Other
iv. Immune/inflammatory
(a) Paraneoplastic
(b) Amyloidosis
(c) Sarcoidosis
(d) Paraproteinemic
v. Small-fiber sensory polyneuropathy
c. Dorsal root ganglion disorders
i. Nutritional/toxic, including hypervitaminosis B₅
ii. Autoimmune/inflammatory
(a) Hu antibody syndrome
(b) Connective tissue disease (Sjogren syndrome)
iii. Friedreich ataxia
E. Neuromuscular junction transmission disorders
01. Myasthenia gravis
02. Lambert-Eaton myasthenic syndrome
03. Botulism
04. Congenital/hereditary myasthenia
F. Muscle disorders
01. Muscular dystrophies
a. Duchenne/Becker
b. Facioscapulohumeral
c. Limb-girdle
i. Calpain LGMD 2A
ii. Dysferlin LGMD 2B (including distal presentation)
iii. Sarcoglycan LGMD 2C-F
iv. FKRP LGMD 2I



d. Myotonic
i. Myotonic dystrophy 1 (including distal presentation)
ii. Myotonic dystrophy 2
e. Oculopharyngeal
f. Myofibrillar (including distal presentation)
02. Congenital myopathies
a. Central core
b. Nemaline
c. Centronuclear/myotubular (including distal presentation)
03. Metabolic myopathies
a. Mitochondrial
i. Myoclonic epilepsy with ragged red fibers (MERRF)
ii. Mitochondrial myopathy, lactic acid, and stroke (MELAS)
iii. Kearns-Sayre syndrome
iv. Other
b. Glycogenoses
i. Pompe disease
ii. Myophosphorylase deficiency (McArdle disease)
c. Lipidoses
i. Carnitine deficiency
ii. Carnitine palmitoyltransferase 2 deficiency (CPT2)
d. Periodic paralyses
i. Hypokalemic
ii. Hyperkalemic
04. Acquired myopathies
a. Inflammatory myopathies
i. Polymyositis
ii. Dermatomyositis
iii. Inclusion body myositis
(a) Sporadic (including distal presentation)
(b) Hereditary (including distal presentation)
iv. Sarcoidosis
v. HIV
b. Critical illness myopathy
c. Toxic/drug-induced myopathy
i. HMG-CoA reductase



ii. Alcohol iii. Chloroquine/hydroxychloroquine iv. Corticosteroids v. Colchicine d. Metabolic/endocrine i. Hypothyroid ii. Hyperthyroid iii. Hyposalemic 05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis E. Dystonia	
iv. Corticosteroids v. Colchicine d. Metabolic/endocrine i. Hypothyroid iii. Hyperthyroid iii. Hyperthyroid iii. Hyperthyroid iii. Hypercexcitability disorders 05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	ii. Alcohol
v. Colchicine d. Metabolic/endocrine i. Hypothyroid ii. Hyperthyroid iii. Hypokalemic 05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 77. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	
d. Metabolic/endocrine i. Hypothyroid ii. Hypokalemic 05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	iv. Corticosteroids
i. Hypothyroid ii. Hypokalemic 05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	v. Colchicine
ii. Hyperthyroid iii. Hypokalemic 05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	d. Metabolic/endocrine
iii. Hypokalemic 05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 77. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	i. Hypothyroid
05. Rhabdomyolysis G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	ii. Hyperthyroid
G. Hyper-excitability disorders 01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) O7. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	iii. Hypokalemic
01. Stiff-person syndromes 02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	05. Rhabdomyolysis
02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome) 07. Movement disorders A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	G. Hyper-excitability disorders
A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	01. Stiff-person syndromes
A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism 01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	02. Potassium channelopathies (Isaac syndrome)
01. Neurodegenerative a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	07. Movement disorders
a. Diffuse Lewy body disease b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	A. Parkinson disease and parkinsonism
b. Multiple system atrophy c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	01. Neurodegenerative
c. Progressive supranuclear palsy d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	a. Diffuse Lewy body disease
d. Corticobasal degeneration 02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	b. Multiple system atrophy
02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism 03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	c. Progressive supranuclear palsy
03. Vascular parkinsonism 04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	d. Corticobasal degeneration
04. Drug-induced parkinsonism 05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	02. Post-traumatic parkinsonism
05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus 06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	03. Vascular parkinsonism
06. Juvenile parkinsonism B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	04. Drug-induced parkinsonism
B. Tremor 01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	05. Hydrocephalus and normal-pressure hydrocephalus
01. Essential tremor 02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	06. Juvenile parkinsonism
02. Physiological tremor 03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	B. Tremor
03. Drug-induced tremor C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	01. Essential tremor
C. Chorea 01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	02. Physiological tremor
01. Huntington disease 02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	03. Drug-induced tremor
02. Sydenham chorea 03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	C. Chorea
03. Drug-induced chorea 04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	01. Huntington disease
04. Chorea gravidarum 05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	02. Sydenham chorea
05. Neuroacanthocytosis D. Ballism and athetosis	03. Drug-induced chorea
D. Ballism and athetosis	04. Chorea gravidarum
	05. Neuroacanthocytosis
E. Dystonia	D. Ballism and athetosis
	E. Dystonia



01. Focal dystonia
02. Childhood-onset dystonia
03. DYT1 dystonia
04. Myoclonic dystonia
F. Wilson disease
G. Neuroleptic-induced syndromes, acute and chronic
01. Acute dystonic reaction
02. Tardive syndromes
a. Tardive dyskinesia
b. Tardive dystonia
c. Tardive akathisia
H. Tic disorders
01. Tourette syndrome
02. Other
I. Myoclonus
01. Essential myoclonus
02. Post-hypoxic myoclonus
J. Other paroxysmal disorders
01. Hemifacial spasm
02. Dyskinesias
03. Restless legs syndrome
K. Ataxia
01. Spinocerebellar ataxias
02. Friedreich ataxia
03. Vitamin
04. Paroxysmal ataxia
L. Psychogenic movement disorders
01. Psychogenic tremor
02. Psychogenic dystonia
03. Psychogenic gait disturbance and ataxia
M. Critical care
01. Acute parkinsonism
02. Neuroleptic malignant syndrome
03. Serotonin syndrome
04. Dystonic storm
05. Ballism



06. Tic status
08. Neuroimmunologic and paraneoplastic disorders of the CNS
A. Demyelinating disease
01. Multiple sclerosis
02. Multiple sclerosis variants (neuromyelitis optica [Devic disease], concentric
sclerosis)
03. Acute disseminated encephalomyelitis
04. Transverse myelitis
B. CNS vasculitis
01. Primary angiitis of the CNS
02. Secondary CNS vasculitis
a. Systemic vasculitides (giant cell arteritis, polyarteritis nodosa, microscopic
polyangiitis, Behçet disease)
b. Systemic autoimmune disease (systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid
arthritis,
Sjögren syndrome, sarcoidosis)
c. Infectious vasculitis (varicella zoster)
d. Substance-induced vasculitis (amphetamines, cocaine)
e. Vasculitis mimics (Susac syndrome, Sneddon syndrome, RCVS
09. Neuroinfectious diseases
A. Bacterial infections
01. Meningitis
a. Neonatal
i. E. coli
ii. Streptococcus
iii. Listeria
iiii. Other
b. Childhood
i. Hemophilus influenza
ii. Streptococcus pneumonia
iii. Other
c. Adolescent
i. Neisseria meningitis
ii. Other
d. Adult
i. Streptococcus pneumonia
·



ii. Listeria
iii. Other
02. Brain abscess
03. Systemic infections with neurologic effects
·
a. Lyme disease
b. Syphilis
c. Diphtheria d. Tetanus
e. Whipple disease
B. Fungal infections
01. Meningitis
a. Cryptococcus
b. Histoplasmosis
c. Coccidiomycosis
d. Other
02. Cerebritis
a. Aspergillosis
b. Phycomycosis
c. Other
C. Mycobacteria, including tuberculosis
D. Viral infections
01. Meningitis
02. Encephalitis and myelitis
a. West Nile
b. Herpes simplex
c. Herpes zoster
d. Arbovirus
e. Rabies
f. HIV
g. Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy
h. Polio
i. Other
E. Protozoan infections
01. Toxoplasmosis
02. Naegleria
03. Trypanosomiasis



04. Other
F. Parasitic infections
01. Cysticercosis
02. Other
G. Prion infections
10. Brain and spinal trauma
A. Brain trauma
01. Cerebral concussion, including chronic traumatic encephalopathy
02. Diffuse axonal injury
03. Cerebral contusion
04. Traumatic hemorrhage
a. Epidural hematoma
b. Subdural hematoma
c. Traumatic subarachnoid hematoma
B. Spinal trauma and skeletal disease
01. Spinal cord contusion and transection
02. Spinal epidural hematoma
03. Spinal cord compression from disc or bone
04. Spinal cord herniation
05. Associated autonomic disorders
11. Neuro-ophthalmologic and neuro-otologic disorders
A. Neuro-ophthalmology
01. Disorders of the optic nerve
a. Vascular (e.g., anterior ischemic optic neuropathy, including giant cell
arteritis)
b. Inflammatory (e.g., optic neuritis)
c. Toxic and nutritional optic nerve disease
d. Inherited (e.g., Leber optic atrophy)
e. Papilledema and pseudopapilledema
02. Disorders of the retina
a. Retinal artery occlusion, including Susac syndrome
b. Retinal venous occlusion
c. Retinal degenerations
d. Phakomatoses
03. Other lesions of optic pathways
a. Optic chiasm



b. Optic tracts
c. Optic radiations
d. Visual cortex, including visual agnosias and cortical blindness
04. Disorders of the pupil
a. Horner syndrome
b. Argyll-Robertson pupil
c. Tonic pupil
05. Disorders of ocular motility
a. Disorders of supranuclear control of eye movements
i. Horizontal gaze paresis, including internuclear ophthalmoplegia (INO) and
one-
and-a-half syndrome
ii. Upgaze paresis, including Parinaud syndrome
iii. Downgaze paresis
b. Disorders of cranial nerves 3,4, 6, and their nuclei
c. Nystagmus
B. Neuro-otology
01. Vestibular disease
a. Benign positional vertigo
b. Ménière disease
c. Acute labyrinthitis
d. Toxic vestibulopathy
e. Cerebellopontine angle tumors
f. Central vertigo, including disembarkment syndrome
02. Deafness, including inherited and acquired
03. Other, including pulsatile tinnitus
12. Metabolic diseases, nutritional deficiency states, and disorders due to toxins,
drugs, and
physical agents
A. Metabolic diseases
01. Hypoxic-ischemic encephalopathy
02. Disorders of glucose metabolism, including hypoglycemia, diabetic ketoacidosis,
and
nonketotic hyperglycemia
03. Hepatic encephalopathy
04. Uremic encephalopathy, including dialysis dementiaand dialysis dysequilibrium
syndrome



05. Disorders of sodium, potassium, and water metabolism, including
hyponatremia,
hypernatremia, hypokalemia, and hyperkalemia
06. Disorders of calcium and magnesium metabolism, including hypocalcemia,
hypercalcemia, hypomagnesemia, and hypermagnesemia
07. Endocrine diseases, including those of thyroid, parathyroid, adrenal, and
pituitary
glands
08. Drug overdose
B. Nutritional deficiency states
01. B vitamins
a. Thiamine
b. Niacin
c. Pyridoxine
d. Cobalamin
e. Folic acid
02. Vitamin E
03. Vitamins A and D
04. Other
a. Copper deficiency
b. Protein calorie malnutrition
c. Strachan syndrome and related disorders
d. Complications of bariatric surgery
C. Toxins, drugs, and physical agents
01. Occupational exposure to chemicals
a. Acrylamide
b. Carbon disulfide
c. Ethylene oxide
d. Hexacarbon solvents
e. Organophosphates
f. Toluene
g. Other
02. Occupational exposure to metals
a. Aluminum
b. Arsenic
c. Lead
d. Manganese



e. Mercury
f. Thallium
g. Tin h. Other
03. Effects of drug abuse
a. Opioids b. Cocaine
c. Amphetamines
d. Sedative-hypnotics
e. Inhalants
f. Hallucinogens
g. Other
04. Effects of alcohol
a. Acute alcoholic intoxication
b. Alcohol withdrawal syndromes
c. Effects related to nutritional deficiency
d. Effects of unknown etiology (e.g., Marchiafava-Bignami disease)
e. Effects of alcohols other than ethanol (e.g., methyl alcohol and ethylene
glycol)
05. Effects of ionizing radiation
a. Encephalopathy
b. Myelopathy
c. Plexopathy
06. Hypothermia and hyperthermia
07. Electric current and lightning
08. Animal and insect neurotoxins
a. Snakes
b. Spiders
c. Scorpions
d. Tick paralysis
09. Marine neurotoxins
a. Ciguatera fish poisoning
b. Puffer fish poisoning
10. Plant neurotoxins
a. Mushroom poisoning
b. Other



13. Neuro-oncologic disorders
A. Neoplasms
01. Primary
a. Primitive neuroectodermal tumors
i. Medullobastoma
ii. Retinoblastoma
b. Gliomas
i. Astrocytoma
(a) Low-grade
(i) Pilocytic astrocytoma
(ii) Astrocytoma
(b) High-grade
(i) Anaplastic astrocytoma
(ii) Glioblastoma
ii. Oligodendroglioma
(a) Oligodendroglioma
(b) Anaplastic oligodendroglioma
iii. Ependymoma
(a) Ependymoma
(b) Anaplastic ependymoma
(c) Myxopapillary ependymoma
c. Neuronal tumors
i. Central neurocytoma
ii. Dysembryoblastic neuroectodermal tumor (DNET)
iii. Gangliocytoma
iv. Ganglioglioma
d. Meningioma
e. Nerve sheath tumors
i. Schwannoma
ii. Neurofibroma
f. Primary CNS lymphoma
g. Craniopharyngioma
h. Pituitary adenoma
i. Pineal tumors
02. Secondary
a. Metastatic intraparenchymal



h Moningoal carcinomatosis
b. Meningeal carcinomatosis
c. Metastases to spine and skull
B. Hereditary tumor syndromes
01. Neurofibromatosis
02. Von Hippel-Lindau disease
03. Tuberous sclerosis
04. Cowden syndrome
05. Multiple endocrine neoplasms (MEN)
C. Non-metastatic neurologic complications of systemic cancer
01. Paraneoplastic syndromes
a. Cerebellar degeneration
i. Anti-Hu
ii. Anti-Yo
iii. Anti-Ri
iv. Anti-CRMP-5
b. Encephalomyelitis
i. Anti-Hu
ii. Anti-Ri
iii. Anti-CRMP-5
iv. Anti-Ma
v. Anti-NMDAR
c. Opsoclonus-myoclonus (anti-Ri)
d. Sensory neuronopathy (anti-Hu)
e. Neuromuscular junction
f. Muscle
02. Vascular disease
D. Neurologic complications of cancer treatment
01. Radiation therapy
a. Radiation necrosis
b. Secondary neoplasms
02. Chemotherapy
14. Behavioral neurology and neurocognitive disorders
A. Delirium, dementia, and other cognitive disorders
01. Delirium
a. Delirium due to a medical condition
b. Substance intoxication delirium
E. Sabatana masmana asimam



c. Substance withdrawal delirium
d. Delirium due to multiple etiologies
e. Other
02. Dementia
a. Mild cognitive impairment
b. Probably Alzheimer disease
c. Vascular dementia
d. HIV disease
e. Traumatic brain injury
f. Frontotemporal disorders
g. Dementia due to a medical condition
h. Substance/medication-induced dementia
i. Multiple etiologies, including metabolic, endocrine, toxic, and
neoplastic/paraneoplastic
03. Amnestic disorders
04. Other
B. Neurodevelopmental disorders
01. Learning disorders
02. Communication disorders
03. Autism spectrum disorders
04. Attention-deficit and disruptive behavior disorders
05. Other
C. Higher cortical function and clinical syndromes
01. Frontal lobe syndromes
02. Aphasia
03. Apraxia
04. Neglect
05. Agnosia
06. Disconnection syndromes
D. Other
15. Psychiatric disorders
A. Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders
01. Schizophrenia
02. Brief psychotic disorder
03. Psychotic disorder due to another medical condition
04. Substance/medication-induced psychotic disorder



05. Other B. Depressive disorders 01. Depressive disorders a. Major depressive disorder b. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia) c. Depressive disorder due to another medical condition d. Other C. Bipolar and related disorders 01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
01. Depressive disorders a. Major depressive disorder b. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia) c. Depressive disorder due to another medical condition d. Other C. Bipolar and related disorders 01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
a. Major depressive disorder b. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia) c. Depressive disorder due to another medical condition d. Other C. Bipolar and related disorders 01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
b. Persistent depressive disorder (dysthymia) c. Depressive disorder due to another medical condition d. Other C. Bipolar and related disorders 01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
c. Depressive disorder due to another medical condition d. Other C. Bipolar and related disorders 01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
d. Other C. Bipolar and related disorders 01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
C. Bipolar and related disorder 01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
01. Bipolar I disorder 02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
02. Bipolar II disorder D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
D. Anxiety disorders 01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
01. Panic disorder 02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
02. Obsessive-compulsive disorder 03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
03. Posttraumatic stress disorder 04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
04. Acute stress disorder 05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
05. Generalized anxiety disorder 06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
06. Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition 07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
07. Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder 08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
08. Other E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
E. Somatic symptom and related disorders 01. Conversion disorder
01. Conversion disorder
02 Pain disorder
vz. rain uisotuet
03. Somatic symptom disorder
04. Illness anxiety disorder
05. Factitious disorders
06. Other
F. Dissociative disorders
01. Dissociative amnesia
02. Other
G. Sexual disorders
01. Sexual pain disorders
02. Sexual dysfunction due to a general medical condition
03. Other
H. Feeding and eating disorders
01. Anorexia nervosa
02. Bulimia nervosa



I. Elimination disorders
J. Trauma- and stressor-related disorders
K. Other psychiatric disorders
16. Autonomic nervous system disorders
A. Disorders of orthostatic tolerance
01. Orthostatic hypotension
02. Postural tachycardia syndrome (POTS)
03. Neurally mediated syncope
a. Central causes (emotional)
b. Reflex causes
i. Carotid sinus stimulation
ii. Micturition, defecation, coughing
iii. Hemodynamic stress
B. Peripheral autonomic neuropathies
01. Autoimmune autonomic neuropathy and ganglionopathy
02. Guillain-Barré syndrome (autonomic manifestations)
03. Paraneoplastic autonomic neuropathies
04. Inherited autonomic neuropathies
a. Fabry disease
b. Porphyria (autonomic manifestations)
05. Autonomic neuropathies due to infectious disease
a. Chagas disease
b. Leprosy
c. Diphtheria
d. Botulism (autonomic manifestations)
06. Chronic autonomic neuropathies
a. Diabetes
b. Amyloidosis
c. Sensory neuronopathy (Sjögren syndrome)
d. Adie syndrome
e. Small-fiber polyneuropathy (autonomic manifestations)
07. Toxic neuropathies
a. Vacor
b. Hexane
c. Ciguatoxin
d. Vincristine



e. Cisplatin, paclitaxel
1 /1
f. Heavy metals (arsenic, mercury, thallium)
C. Autonomic dysfunction in CNS disorders
01. Lewy body disorders
02. Multiple system atrophy
03. Tauopathies
04. Pure autonomic failure
05. Multiple sclerosis
06. Stroke
D. Disorders of sweating and thermoregulation
01. Hypothermia
02. Hyperthermia
03. Regional hyperhidrosis
04. Hypohidrosis (central and peripheral causes)
E. Autonomic disorders of the urogenital system
01. Multiple sclerosis
02. Multiple system atrophy
F. Autonomic disorders of the gastrointestinal tract
01. Achalasia
02. Gastroparesis
03. Cyclic vomiting syndrome
04. Intestinal pseudo-obstruction
05. Hirschprung disease
G. Visceral sensory disorders
01. Disorders of parasympathetic visceral sensation
a. Disorders of taste
b. Associated with glossopharyngeal neuralgia
02. Disorders of sympathetic visceral sensation: sympathetic storm in spinal cord
transection
03. Disorders of central visceral sensation: insular cortex stroke
17. Normal structure, process, and development through the life cycle
A. Infancy through adolescence, including developmental processes, tasks, crises, and
transitions (e.g., school entry, peer relations, individuation)
B. Adulthood, including developmental processes, tasks, crises, and transitions (e.g.,
employment, parenting) and acquisition/loss of specific capacities (e.g., menopause)
C. Late life, including developmental processes, tasks, crises, and transitions, and



A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

acquisition/loss of specific capacities (e.g., cognition, physical endurance)



Dimension 2
Physician Competencies and Mechanisms
A. Neuroscience and mechanism of disease
01. Neuroanatomy
a. Cerebral cortex
b. Connecting systems
c. Basal ganglia/thalamus
d. Brainstem
e. Cerebellum
f. Cranial nerves
g. Spinal cord
h. Spinal roots/peripheral nerves
i. Ventricular system, CSF
j. Vascular
k. Neuromuscular junction/muscle
l. Autonomic nervous system
m. Embryology and neural development
n. Pain pathways
o. Radiologic anatomy, cerebral blood vessels (angiography or MRA)
p. CSF anatomy, physiology, normal and abnormal patterns (cellular, chemical,
enzymatic,
serologic)
q. Other
02. Neuropathology
a. Basic patterns of reaction
b. Cerebrovascular disease
c. Trauma (cranial and spinal)
d. Metabolic/toxic/nutritional diseases
e. Infections
f. Demyelinating diseases/leukodystrophies
g. Neoplasms
h. Congenital/developmental anomalies
i. Degenerative/heredodegenerative disorders
j. Myopathies
k. Peripheral nerve



l. Neuromuscular junction disorders
m. Radiologic pathology pertinent to assigned pathology sections
n. Other
03. Neurochemistry
a. Carbohydrate metabolism
b. Lipid metabolism
c. Protein metabolism
d. Neurotransmitters
e. Axonal transport
f. Energy metabolism
g. Blood-brain barrier
h. Biochemistry of membranes/receptors/ion channels
i. Neuronal excitation
j. Vitamins (general aspects)
k. Inborn errors of metabolism
l. Electrolytes and minerals
m. Neurotoxins
n. Free radical scavengers
o. Excitotoxicity
p. Normal CSF constituents and volume
q. Other
04. Neurophysiology
a. Membrane physiology
b. Synaptic transmission
c. Sensory receptors and perception
d. Special senses
e. Reflexes
f. Segmental and suprasegmental control of movement
g. Cerebellar function
h. Reticular system: mechanisms of sleep and arousal, consciousness, circadian
rhythms
i. Rhinencephalon; limbic system; visceral brain
j. Learning and memory
k. Cortical organization and function
l. Pathophysiology of epilepsy
m. Cerebral blood flow



n. Autonomic function
o. Blood-brain barrier
p. Neurophysiology of the visual system
q. Neurophysiology of hearing and vestibular function
r. Physiology of pain
s. Physiology of peripheral nerve and muscle
t. Other
05. Neuroimmunology/neuroinfectious disease
a. Molecular pathogenesis of multiple sclerosis
b. Molecular neurology of prion and infectious diseases
c. Immunotherapy in multiple sclerosis, myasthenia gravis, and other neurologic
disorders
d. Other
06. Neurogenetics/molecular neurology, and neuroepidemiology
a. Mendelian-inherited diseases
b. Other modes of inheritance
c. Mitochondrial disorders
d. Trinucleotide repeat disorders
e. Channelopathies
f. Genetics of epilepsy
g. Risk factors in neurologic disease
h. Demographics of neurologic disease
07. Neuroendocrinology
a. Thyroid gland
b. Cushing syndrome
c. Corticosteroids
d. Growth hormones
e. Hypothalamic function
f. Adrenal gland
g. Pituitary gland
h. Prolactin
i. Androgen
B. Clinical aspects of neurologic disease
01. Epidemiology
02. Risk factors
03. Signs and symptoms



04. Comorbidities
05. Course of illness
06. Prognosis
C. Diagnostic procedures
01. Neuroimaging
a. Structural imaging (computed tomography, magnetic resonance imaging)
b. Vascular imaging (conventional angiography, computed tomographic
angiography,
magnetic resonance angiography, ultrasound)
c. Functional neuroimaging, including fMRI, SPECT, PET
02. EEG (routine EEG, LTME, subdural and cortical EEGs)
03. Magnetoencephalography
04. Evoked potentials, including intraoperative monitoring
05. Sleep studies, including PSG and MSLT
06. EMG/NCS, including SFEMG
07. Autonomic function testing
08. CSF examination
09. Laboratory studies
10. Neuropsychological and cognitive testing
11. Other
D. Treatment
01. General principles of neuropharmacology
a. Neuropharmacokinetics/neuropharmacodynamics
b. Drug toxicity
c. Drug interactions
d. Teratogenicity
e. Age, gender and ethnicity issues
f. Pharmacogenomics
02. Pharmacotherapy
a. Drugs for migraine and other headache syndromes
b. Analgesics (nonnarcotic, narcotic, etc.)
c. Anti-seizure medications
d. Drugs for sleep disorders
e. Drugs for cerebrovascular disease, including antiplatelet agents, anticoagulants,
and
thrombolytics



f. Drugs for neuromuscular junction disorders (cholinesterase inhibitors, DAP, etc)
g. Drugs for movement disorders
h. Drugs for multiple sclerosis (disease-modifying therapy and symptomatic
treatment)
i. Drugs for psychiatric disorders (sedative-hypnotics, antianxiety agents,
antidepressants,
antipsychotics)
j. Vitamins
k. Immunomodulatory agents, including oral medications, IV Ig, and plasma
exchange
l. Antimicrobial agents
m. Drugs used for increased intracranial pressure
n. Other
03. Endovascular treatment
04. Neuromodulation
a. VNS
b. DBS
c. TENS
d. Spinal cord stimulation
e. TMS
f. ECT
05. Critical care
06. Surgical treatment
07. Radiation therapy
08. Rehabilitation
a. Exercise
b. Assistive devices
c. Assistive technologies
d. Braces
e. Physical therapy and occupational therapy
f. Pulmonary
g. Speech/swallowing
h. Nutrition management
09. Psychotherapy, biofeedback etc.
10. Other
E. Interpersonal and communications skills



01. Communication with patients
02. Communication with patients' families
03. Communication with other professionals
04. Communication with the healthcare team
05. Communication with the public
06. Management of conflict
07. Common errors in communication
F. Professionalism
01. Professional behavior
02. Adherence to ethical principles (e.g., informed consent, research issues, clinical care)
03. Participation in the professional community
04. Sensitivity to diverse patient populations
05. End-of-life issues and brain death
06. Fatigue management
G. Practice-based learning and improvement
01. Development and execution of lifelong learning
a. Self-assessment and self-improvement
b. Use of evidence-based guidelines
c. Critical review of the scientific literature
02. Formal practice-based quality improvement
H. Systems-based practice
01. Patient safety and the healthcare team
a. Medical errors and their prevention
b. Communication in patient safety
c. Regulatory and educational activities related to patient safety
02. Resource management
a. Parity
b. Access to care
03. Community-based care
a. Community-based programs
b. Prevention
c. Recovery and rehabilitation
d. Knowledge of the legal aspects of neurological practice