

American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc.

A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

Certifications – Total and Active (as of December 31, 2022)

Specialty/Subspecialty	First Exam	All Certificates Awarded	Specialty certificates awarded 1988 – Present (excludes non-time limited)†	Non-Time Limited Certificates (specialty certificates awarded between dates below)‡		TOTAL
			Active/Total (%)		Active/Total (%)	Active/Total (%)
Psychiatry	1935	70,008	32,791/38,464 (85%)	1988 - October 1994	7,193/7,739 (93%)	39,984/46,203 (87%)
Neurology	1935	23,847	14,633/16,183 (90%)		2,078/2,208 (94%)	16,711/18,391 (91%)
Child Neurology	1968	3,412	2,276/2,466 (92%)		290/293 (99%)	2,566/2,759 (93%)
Child and Adolescent Psychiatry	1959	12,649	7,739/8,731 (89%)	1988 - December 1994	1,144/1,194 (96%)	8,883/9,925 (90%)
Neuropsychiatry***	1935	824	0		0	0
Addiction Psychiatry	1993	2,965	1,299/2,207 (59%)			1,299/2,207 (59%)
Brain Injury Medicine**	2014	283	265/272 (97%)			265/272 (97%)
Clinical Neurophysiology	1992	3,470	2,003/3,044 (66%)			2,003/3,044 (66%)
Consultation-Liaison Psychiatry	2005	1,866	1,284/1,723 (75%)			1,284/1,723 (75%)
Epilepsy	2013	2,321	2,242/2,269 (99%)			2,242/2,269 (99%)
Forensic Psychiatry	1994	2,675	1,335/2,108 (63%)			1,335/2,108 (63%)
Geriatric Psychiatry	1991	3,754	1,354/2,554 (53%)			1,354/2,554 (53%)
Neurocritical Care*	2021	483	481/481 (100%)			481/481 (100%)
Neurodevelopmental Disabilities [§]	2001	362	54/83 (65%)			54/83 (65%)
Neuromuscular Medicine*	2008	1,074	862/1,018 (85%)			862/1,018 (85%)
Pain Medicine**	2000	430	237/373 (64%)			237/373 (64%)
Sleep Medicine**	2007	1,701	1,006/1,558 (65%)			1,006/1,558 (65%)
Vascular Neurology	2005	2,264	1,789/2,133 (84%)			1,789/2,133 (84%)

Notes:

- 1. The "All Certificates" columns reflect the total number of certificates issued, including diplomates known to be deceased and/or those whose certificates are no longer active.
- 2. The 'Active/Total (%)' columns reflect the number of active (not expired or not revoked) certificates held by diplomates who were certified in their primary specialty in 1988 or later (assuming a 35-year career post initial primary specialty certification) and known not to be deceased.
- 3. Joint board examinations administered by the ABPN are noted with a single asterisk (*). The numbers in this table reflect ABPN diplomates only.
- 4. Joint board examinations administered by another ABMS board are noted with a double asterisk (**). The numbers in this table reflect ABPN diplomates only.
- 5. ***The last Neuropsychiatry certificate was awarded by the ABPN in 1959.
- 6. 'As of January 1, 2023, ABPN maintains the Continuing Certification (CC) program for candidates who pass an assessment (initial certification or CC) in 2012 or later. CC status is contingent on a diplomate meeting all ABPN requirements of the CC Program and, therefore, certification does not have an expiration date.

- 7. [‡]The ABPN awarded non-time limited certificates for Psychiatry, Neurology, and Child Neurology through October 1994 and Child and Adolescent Psychiatry through December 1994. These certificates do not have an expiration date.
- 8. §In 2022, NDD certificates issued by the American Board of Pediatrics were transitioned to the ABPN for initial certification and continuing certification.